

Membrane Force Sensor

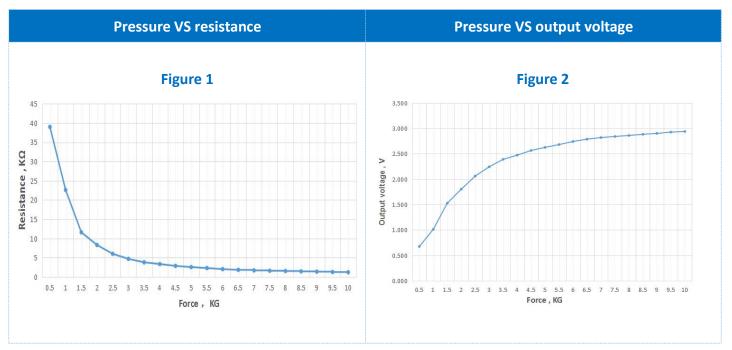
Description :

Flexible pressure sensor (also called FSR) is an ultra-thin (thickness usually around 0.3mm), high-sensitivity resistive pressure sensor. When pressure is applied to the sensing area, the resistance of the sensor changes. The greater the pressure, the lower the resistance. At the same time it will cause the output voltage to change, the greater the pressure distribution in a region (pressure map). There are many applications for this pressure sensor, such as robotic grip sensing, human and animal gait measurement, wheelchair sitting measurement, electronic musical instruments, smart boxing gloves, pressure measurement insoles and more. However, because the pressure detection is not very accurate, it is not recommended to use the situation where the accurate pressure detection is required.

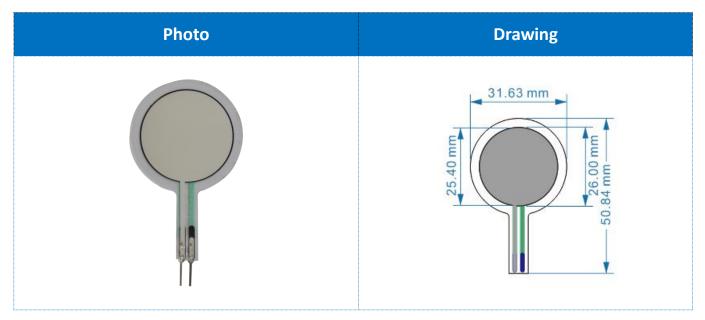
Features and Benefits :

- Actuation force as low as 50g and sensitivity range to 10KG
- Cost effective
- Ultra thin
- Long life, more than 2 million times work life
- Simple and easy to integrate
- ➢ Model: FA401-A
- > Type: Single point force sensor
- Use: To measure continuously changing force, or use several sensors to measure pressure distribution at different locations

Performance:



Size:

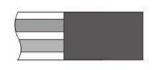


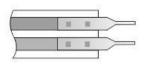
Structure:



Connector Information







Bare Tail

Female connector

Male connector

Specification:

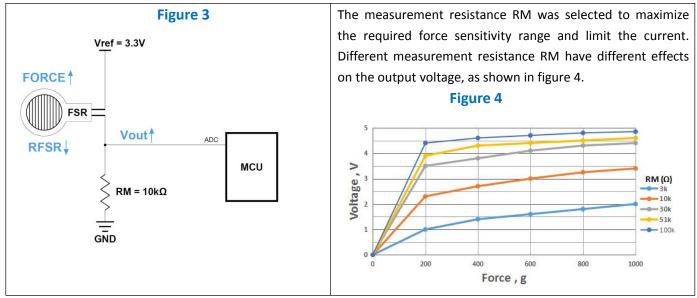
Item	Data
Sensing Area	Diameter 26mm
Force measure range	100g ~ 10KG
Thickness	≤0.3mm
Force repeatable (single part)	\pm 2.5%,8KG applied,10 times
Force repeatable (part to part)	±20%
Hysteresis	10% average
Drift	5%,10KG 24hours,logarithmic 10 time
Off resistance	>2MΩ
Force resolution	Continuous
Response time	<1 ms
Operating temperature	-30℃~60℃
Life time	> 2 million
Connector	Female 2.54mm / Male Pin 2.54mm /ZIF 1.0mm,2.54mm

Integration and usage methods:

According to the characteristic that FSR resistance value is inversely proportional to the pressure applied on its surface, a basic circuit connection diagram is provided in figure 3 (the selection of Vref and RM values in the figure is a reference value, which can be adjusted by the user according to the actual situation). We put FSR and shunt resistor RM in series in the circuit, apply Vref reference voltage at both ends of the circuit, connect the ADC pin of MCU between FSR and RM, and use the ADC function of MCU to detect the Vout voltage value.

The calculation formula of the output voltage is as follows:

$$RFSR = \frac{RM}{Vout} (Vref - Vout)$$



If you have any questions about FSR, please feel free to contact our engineer . Email: thomson@flexkys.com

> Nanjing Momao Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd Add: Room 207,Building 3,Tongxinyuan technology innovation center, No.402, Yinfu street,Jiangning District,Nanjing,China Tel : +86 25-52104047 Ex 808 Fax:+86 25-52104047 Ex 800 ;